FOUNDATION: Final revision: Exam Skills and Revision of all 5 themes

	Revision Focus : Foundation		
Week 1	Revision Focus: speaking preparation		
W/c 9 th April	1. Revise role play phrases from the working memory grid (<u>slide 13</u>)		
5 sessions	2. Revise photo description structures from the working memory grid and chatty mat on (slides $\frac{16}{2}$ and $\frac{17}{2}$)		
	3. Learn your chosen topic for the general conversation		
	4. Put the topics of 'holidays' and 'school' on to revision cards		
	5. Practise 'holidays' and 'school' conversation topics		
Week 2	Revision Focus: speaking preparation		
w/c 15 th April	1. Revise role play phrases using working memory grid and work on example tasks from your role play booklet (slide 13)		
5 sessions	2. Revise photo description structures from the working memory grid and work on example tasks from your booklet.		
	3. Practise your chosen topic for general conversation		
	4. Put the topics of ' identity and culture ' and 'work' on to revision cards		
	5. Practise 'identity and culture' and 'work' conversation topics		
Week 3	Revision Focus: speaking preparation		
w/c 22 nd April	1. Use the Asking questions slide (<u>slide 15)</u> to practise roleplay questions. Look at the roleplay prompts and cover the other columns. Try to create your own questions. Check with the examples on the sheet.		
	2. Time yourself preparing a roleplay task from your booklet (4 minutes)		
	3. Time yourself preparing a photo task from your booklet (8 minutes)		
	4. Practise all themes conversation topics		
Week 4	Revision Focus: speaking preparation		
w/c 30 th April	Time yourself preparing a roleplay task from your booklet (4 minutes)		
	2. Time yourself preparing a photo task from your booklet (8 minutes)		
	3. Practise all themes conversation topics		
	SPEAKING EXAM 3-6 MAY		

Week 5	Revision focus: Self and Identity, Local Area and Holidays		
w/c 7 th May	1. Learn the present tense verbs from the writing mat (slide 4)		
	You can use Memrise to practise these: Go into your class group.		
	Find the course "PCC Writing exam Practice Spanish". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels. PCC writing exam practice Spanish - by Mrs.Jaye - Memrise. Choose the section called Writing in the present tense' and work through this section.		
	2. Go to Memrise to practise vocabulary for Themes 1 and 2 (slides <u>10</u> and <u>11</u> give you instructions for finding these)		
	3. Go to TEAMS to access practice reading materials on Self and Identity and Local Area and Holidays (split your time equally between the topics)		
Week 6	Revision focus: School , Work and Global Dimension		
w/c 14 th May	1. Learn the Past tense verbs from the writing mat (<u>slide 4</u>)		
	You can use Memrise to practise these: Go into your class group.		
	Find the course "PCC Writing exam Practice Spanish". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels. PCC writing exam practice Spanish - by Mrs.Jaye - Memrise. Choose the section called 'Writing in the past tense' and work through this section.		
	Memrise.		
	2. Go to Memrise to practise vocabulary for Themes 3, 4 and 5(slides $\frac{12}{12}$, $\frac{13}{12}$ and $\frac{14}{12}$ give you instructions for finding these)		
	3. Go to TEAMS to access practice reading materials on School, Work, and Global Dimension (split your time equally between the topics)		
Week 7	Revision focus: All topics		
w/c 21st May	1. Learn the Future tense verbs from the writing mat (<u>slide 4</u>)		
	You can use Memrise to practise these: Go into your class group.		
	Find the course "PCC Writing exam Practice Spanish". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels. PCC writing exam practice Spanish - by Mrs.Jaye - Memrise. Choose the section called 'Writing in the future tense' and work through this section.		
	2. Revise the listening and reading key structures on <u>slide 9</u>		
	3. Go to TEAMS to access practice reading materials across all topics.		
	READING AND LISTENING EXAMS 26 TH MAY		

Week 8 w/c 28 th May	1. Practice core vocabulary and structures on Memrise - PCC writing exampractice Spanish - by Mrs.Jaye - Memrise.
	2. Go to TEAMS and complete the Theme 1: Practice paper
Week 9 w/c 4 th June	Practice core vocabulary and structures on Memrise: <u>PCC writing exam practice Spanish - by Mrs.Jaye – Memrise</u> .
	2. Go to TEAMS and complete the Theme 2 Revision: Practice Paper
Week 10 w/c 11 th June	1. Practice core vocabulary and structures on Memrise: PCC writing exam practice Spanish - by Mrs.Jaye - Memrise.
	2. Go to TEAMS and complete the Theme 3 and 4 revision: Practice paper

Question 1: Writing about a photo En la foto hay In the photo, there is Es una foto de It is a photo of En mi opinión, la foto es In my opinion the photo is A boy Un chico Una chica A girl un hombre A man Una muier A woman Están jugando They are playing They are talking Están hablando Están comiendo They are eating Están viendo They are watching Están haciendo They are doing They are Son They have tienen

Writing in the present tense

Me llamo	I am called
Tengo	I have
soy	Iam
Juego	I play
Veo	I watch
Hay	there is
No hay	there is not
Se puede	you can
No se puede	you can't
Hago	l do
voy	l go
Deberías	you should
Debes	you must
quiero	I want

Writing in the past tense

Jugué	I played	
Jugamos	We played	
Comí	I ate	
Comimos	We ate	
Ví	I watched	
Compré	I bought	
Visité	I visited	
No visité	I didn't visit	
Fui	I went	
Fue	It was	
No fue	It wasn't	
Lo encontré	I found it	
<u>Había</u>	There was/were	
No había	There wasn't/weren't	

Writing in the future tense		
Voy a ir	I am going to go	
Quisiera	I would like	
Vamos a ir	We are going to go	
Vamos a hacer	We are going to do	
Voy a hacer	I am going to do	
Voy a ver	I'm going to watch	
Voy a comer	I'm going to eat	
Iré	I will go	
Comeré	I will eat	
Haré	I will do	
Será	It will be	
sería	It would be	
Habrá	there will be	
Habría	There would be	

Opinions

Me gusta	l like
Me encanta	I love
Me gusta mucho	I really like
Me gusta bastante	I quite like
No me gusta	I don't like
Odio	I hate
No aguanto	I can't stand
Lo que más me gusta es	What I like most is
Pienso que	I think that
En mi opinión	In my opinion
es	It is
No es	It isn't

Connectives

у	and
pero	but
0	or
Así que	So that
porque	because
también	also
Sin	however
embargo	
En general	In general
Por lo tanto	therefore
con	with
para	for
como	such as

Expressions of frequency

Por la mañana	in the morning
Por la tarde	in the afternoon
Por la tarde	in the evening
A veces	sometimes
A menudo	often
Todos los días	every day
Cada año	every year
Todo el tiempo	all the time
de vez en cuando	from time to time
Una vez por semana	once a week
raramente	Rarely
nunca	never

Time phrases		
El fin de semana	Last weekend	
pasado		
El año pasado	Last year	
ayer	Yesterday	
Hace dos años	Two years ago	
En el pasado	In the past	
Hov	Today	
Normalmente	Normally	
Ahora	Now	
Mañana	Tomorrow	
El fin de semana	Next weekend	
próximo		
El año próximo	Next year	
En el futuro	In the future	

sequenting words	
primero	firstly
luego	next
entonces	then
después	after
Finalmente	finally
Por fin	finally

Intensifiers			
muy yery			
bastante	guite		
demasiado	too		
Muy muy	really		
un poco	a bit		

Positive Adjectives: interesante / genial /divertido / gracioso / fantástico / importante/ útil / fácil / relajante / pasionante / fascinante / sano / increible Negative Adjectives: malo / aburrido / difícil / asco / molesto / atroz / antipático / terrible / duro / sévero / insalubre / serio/

Tense recognition

Verb +aste = past tense verb +iste = past tense verb + astéis = past tense Verb +istéis/ estéis = past tense verb + as = present tense verb + áis = present tense vas a + verb = future tense Váis a + verb = future tense

Algunos piensan que Some people think that		
La mayoría de jóvenes piensan que	Most young people think that	
Algunos dicen que	Some people say that	
Es importante	It is important to	
A mí	As far as I'm concerned	
Según los jóvenes	According to young people	
Pienso que	I think that	
En mi opinión	In my opinion	
Creo que	I believe that	
Deberías/ debes	You should / you must	
Debemos	We must	
De un lado/ del otro lado	On one hand / on the other har	

Understanding the guestions

Escribe una descripción	Write a description	
Expresa tu opinión	Express your opinion	
Escribe a	You are writing to	
La información siguiente	The following information	
Tiene que escribir en frases enteras	You must write in full sentences	
Escribe una respuesta a	Write a reply to	
Tiene que hacer los puntos siguientes	You must cover the following points	
Porqué la gente tiene que	Why people have to	
Porqué los jóvenes tienen que	Why young people should/have to	
Justifica vuestros opiniones	Justify (give reasons for) your opinions	
Tiene que escribir la información	You must write the following information	
siguiente		
Escribe alrededor de 80-90 palabras	Write around 80-90 words	

Use key verbs in the present tense

Learn Core Structures

Learn the present tense verbs from the writing mat. This is on slide 3.

Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "PCC Writing Exam Practice Spanish". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Choose the section called Present tense verbs and work through this section in full.

Use key verbs in the past tense

Learn Core Structures

Learn the past tense verbs from the writing mat. This is on slide 3.

Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "PCC Writing Exam Practice Spanish". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Choose the section called Past tense verbs and work through this section in full.

Task 3 Use key verbs in the future tense

Learn Core Structures

Learn the future tense verbs from the writing mat. This is on slide 3.

Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "PCC Writing Exam Practice Spanish". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Choose the section called Future tense verbs and work through this section in full.

Understand core structures for the listening and reading exam

Learn Core Structures

Learn the structures on the next slide.

These are words commonly found in the listening and reading papers

Listening and reading: Key structures

SPANISH	ENGLISH	FRENCH		ENGLISH	
pero	but	nonunca		never	
Sin embargo	however		nonadie	no one	
Ahora	now		Solamente	only	
Excepto	except		Tampoco	neither	
Sin	without		Nonini	Neither nor	
más	more		Suelo	I often	
Menos	less		Nonada	nothing	
Desgraciadamente	unfortunately	Solo		alone	
Antes	before	Jóven		young person	
Después	after	Gente		people	
Poco	little/few	Pasado		last	
Bastante	quite/enough	Próximo		next	
Lo mismo	same	Mejor		better/best	
Si	if		peor	worse/worst	

Review core vocabulary for Theme 1: Self and Family, Free time and Daily Life





Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.
Find the course "MCA Edexcel Spanish GCSE 1-9 - by MrB Karasz92

- Memrise". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Work through the following levels (if you are studying Foundation complete the first list, if you are doing a higher paper try both levels)





Review core vocabulary for Theme 2: Local Area and Holidays

Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "MCA Edexcel Spanish GCSE 1-9 - by MrB Karasz92 - Memrise". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Work through the following levels (if you are studying Foundation complete the first list, if you are doing a higher paper try both)





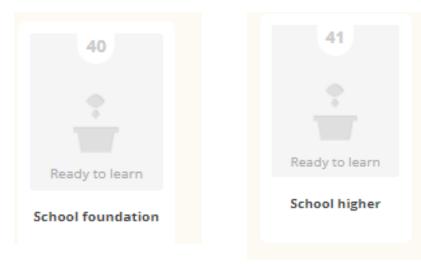
Review core vocabulary for Theme 3: School

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "MCA Edexcel Spanish GCSE 1-9 - by MrB Karasz92 - Memrise". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Work through the following levels (if you are studying Foundation complete the first list, if you are doing a higher paper try both)



Reading and translation practice

Work through the tasks in the attached document called "Theme 3 School" There is a choice of foundation, foundation/higher and higher for each topic.

All of the answers are at the end of the booklet so you can mark your own work.

Review core vocabulary for Theme 4: Work

Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "MCA Edexcel Spanish GCSE 1-9 - by MrB Karasz92 - Memrise". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Work through the following levels (if you are studying Foundation complete the first list, if you are doing a higher paper try both)



Reading and translation practice

Work through the tasks in the attached document called "Theme 4 Work" There is a choice of foundation, foundation/higher and higher for each topic. All of the answers are at the end of the booklet so you can mark your own work.

Review core vocabulary for Theme 5: Global dimension

Memrise

Go in to your class group.

E-mail your teacher if you have any problems logging in.

Find the course "MCA Edexcel Spanish GCSE 1-9 - by MrB Karasz92 - Memrise". Click on this title to give you a screen showing all of the levels.

Work through the following levels (if you are studying Foundation complete the first list, if you are doing a higher

paper try both)



Roleplay – working memory

What is?	Do you like?	Is/are there?	Do you have (polite)?	Do you have(fam)?
¿Qué es…?	<u>¿Te gusta?</u>	¿Hay?	¿Tiene?	¿Tienes?
Can I?	Can you (one)?	What does (it) cost?	Do I have to?	When doesstart?
¿puedo?	¿Se puede?	¿Cuánto cuesta?	¿Tengo que?	¿A qué hora empieza(n)?
When	I would like	Canyou	Where can I?	When is?
doesopen? ¿A qué hora abre(n)?	Quisiera	recommend me? ¿me puede recomendar?	¿Dónde puedo?.	¿Cuándo es?
Where is?	Can we?	Do we have to?	How much are?	How do I get to?
¿Dónde está?	¿Podemos?	¿Tenemos que?	¿Cuánto cuestan ?	¿Por donde se va?
Where are?	Can I have? (food)	What do you (fa,)) have?	Where can you buy?	What are we doing?
¿Dónde están?	¿Puedo tomar?	¿Qué tienes?	¿Dónde se puede comprar?	¿Qué hacemos?

Revision tick-list:

- ✓ Numbers
- ✓ Days / months / dates
- ✓ Colours
- ✓ Time
- ✓ Clothes
- ✓ Food / drink
- ✓ Activities / sports
- ✓ Personal qualities eg. polite / hard-working
- Tenses (present, past and future tenses mainly)
- ✓ Jobs

Useful infinitive

constructions

¿Es posible ...?

¿Es necesario ...?

¿Tiene(s) que ...?

¿Te gustaría...?

¿Quieres...?

¿Se puede...?

¿Puedo...?

¿Hay que...?

¿Sueles...?

¿Solías...?

¿Va(s) a...?

¿Tienes ganas de...?

¿Cuándo podría...?

- ✓ Objects (that you might find in a hotel / lost property.)
- ✓ Restaurant / tourist office / hotel vocabulary
- ✓ School subjects / extra-curricular activities

English

It is possible to...?

Is it necessary to ...?

Do you have to ...?

Woud you like to ...?

Do you want to ...?

Do you have to ...?

Do you tend to ...?

Did you used to...?

Are you going to...?

When would I be able to?

Do you fancy...?

Can I...?

Can you / can one...?

✓ Countries / places in town

Remember! Most of the time, it will be YOU picking the vocabulary. So make sure that when you say a time / object / date etc...

a.) you know how to pronounce it correctly

b.) you can say it accurately

Eg. rather than saying 9:25am, just say 9:00!

Common question words		
¿Dónde?	Where?	
¿Cuál?	Which?/What?	
¿Cuánto(s)/a(s)?	How many?	
¿Quién?	Who?	
¿Cuándo?	When?	
¿Cómo?	How?	
¿Qué?	What?	
¿Con quién?	With who?	

How to tackle the role play



ALL of these question starter sentences can be followed by an **infinitive**. So if you are unsure how to form your question, or get a tricky prompt in your exam using one of these might be your best chance of scoring some points.

Examples:

¿Es posible probar estos pantalones? = It is possible to try on these trousers? ¿Puedo reservar una habitación doble? = Can I reserve a double room? ¿Te gustaría ir al concierto conmigo? = Would you like to go to the concert with me?

Remember to ...

- keep your answers simple and concise you won't get extra points for complex answers!
- ✓ focus on the **accuracy** of what you say.
- ✓ be sure to read all the information given on the task card.
- ✓ remind yourself there is no one correct answer.

Register: Formal (tú) vs. Informal (usted)

You will be instructed to refer to your teacher / examiner using either $t\acute{u}$ (informal – typically used for friends, family members or to someone the same age) or usted (formal - used when you are talking to teachers, bosses, strangers, basically anyone that you would show respect to.)

The form of "you" that you use will change your verb endings. *Usted* takes the same conjugation as *él* (he) and *ella* (she) (3rd person sing).

Here are some examples to show you the difference:

Tú (informal)	Usted (formal)	English
¿Cómo estás?	¿Cómo está?	How are you?
Tienes que bailar	Tiene que bailar	You have to dance
Comes la fruta	Come la fruta	You eat fruit
Hablas español	Habla español	You speak Spanish
¿Te gusta la pizza?	¿Le gusta la pizza?	Do you like pizza?

Asking questions



Asking for details of times/timetables:				
Prompt on RP card	Way to start answer	English		
? Hora Examples:	¿A qué hora? ¿Cuándo?	At what time? When?		
? Hora (empezar) ? Hora (terminar) ? Hora (abrir) ? Hora (cerrar) ? Autobús - hora (salir / llegar)	¿A qué hora empieza(n)? ¿A qué hora termina(n)? ¿A qué hora abre? ¿A qué hora cierra? ¿A qué hora sale /	What time do(es) start? What time do(es) end? What time do(es) open? What time do(es) close? What time does the bus		
? Duración	llega el <u>autobús</u> ? ¿Cuánto tiempo dura(n)?	leave/arrive? How long do(es) last?		
? Cuándo	¿Cuándo?	When?		
? Horario	¿Cuándo? ¿A qué hora? Eg. ¿A qué hora empiezan <u>las clases</u> ?	When? At what time? Eg. What time do <u>lessons</u> start?		
? Fecha	¿Cuándo? ¿Qué día?	When? What / which day?		
? Cuánto tiempo	¿Cuánto tiempo dura (el viaje)?	How long do(es) (the journey) last?		
? Frecuencia	¿Con qué frecuencia?	How often?		
Asking where something is:				
? Dónde	¿Dónde está(n)?	Where is?		
? Direcciones	¿Por dónde se va al / a la?	How do you get to?		

TOP TIP: For foundation tier, you will need to ask your teacher/examiner <u>one</u> question. For higher tier, you will be required to ask <u>two</u>. These are easy marks if you know familiar question words.

Asking someone about future plans / past actions:			
Prompt on RP card	Way to start answer	English	
? Planes Examples:	¿Qué planes tienes para? ¿Qué vas a hacer(mañana)?	What plans do you have for? What are you going to do (tomorrow)?	
? Fin de semana - planes	¿Qué planes tienes para este fin de semana?	What plans do you have for this weekend?	
? Actividad pasado/a	¿Qué hiciste?	What did you do?	
General enquiries:			
? Uniforme / descuento / salario / servicios / problema	¿Hay? Eg. Hay uniforme?	Is there / are there? Is there a uniform?	
? precio	¿Cuánto cuesta(n)?	How much do(es) cost?	
? Importancia	¿Qué es la importancia de?	What is the importance of?	
? Descripción	¿Cómo es /son?	What is / are like?	
? Actividad	¿Qué haces?	What do you do?	
Asking someone for thei	r opinion:		
? Opinión Eg. ? Uniforme escolar - opinión	¿Qué opinas de? ¿Qué piensas de? ¿Te gusta(n)? ¿Qué tal (el viaje)? Eg. ¿Qué opinas del <u>uniforme</u> escolar?	What do you think about.? What do you think about.? Do you like? How is / was (the journey)?	
? Razón	¿Por qué? ¿Para qué? Eg. ¿Para qué usas tu móvil?	Why? What for? Eg. What do you use your mobile phone for?	
? Favorito/a ? Preferido/a Eg. Música - favorita	¿Cuál es tu favorito/a? ¿Cuál es tu preferido/a? ¿Qué <u>música</u> prefieres?	What is your favourite? What is your favourite? What <u>music</u> do you prefer?	
? Recomendación	¿Qué () recomendarías?	What () would you recommend?	



Chatty mat: GCSE Photo cards



To start off:

En la imagen... In the image
En la foto ... In the photo
Hay... There is/ are

Veo... I see

Se puede ver... You can see

La foto muestra... The photo shows...

Be specific!

En primer plano... In the foreground Al fondo.. In the background

A la izquierda.. to the left
A la derecha.. to the right
Cerca de.. close to
Delante de.. Infront of

Weather

Hace sol it's sunny

Hace buen tiempo it's nice weather
Hace mal tiempo It's bad weather

Está lloviendo it's raining Está nublado it's cloudy

What's there?

Un hombre/una mujer a man/woman Unas personas some people Mucha gente lots of people Unos edificios some buildings Unos árboles some trees Una escena de... a scene of

Describing people

Parece(n)... he/she/they seem(s)

Contento/a(s) happy
Triste(s) sad
Cansado/a(s) tired
Enfadado/a(s) angry

What are they doing?

Está(n) hablando They are talking
Está(n) discutiendo They are arguing
Está(n) sonriendo They are smiling
Está(n) riendo They are laughing
Está(n) trabajando They are working
Está(n) jugando They are playing

Opinion phrases

Creo que...
I think that

Pienso que... I think that...

Imagino que...
I imagine that...

Supongo que...
I presume that...

Diría que... I would say that

Me parece que It seems to me that..

Me recuerda a... It reminds me of...

Do you like it?

(No) Me gusta la foto I (don't)like the photo porque/ya que/dado que because

→ es (it is...) está llena de... (it is full of) e.g. bonita (pretty)

e.g. color (colour)

Working memory- describing a photo

			=		
En la foto hay In the photo there is/ are	Unas personas Some people	Cansado/a(s) tired	Están trabajando They are working	Creo que I believe that	A la izquierda hay On the left there is/are
se puede ver You can see	Unos arboles Some trees	Enfadado/a(s) angry	Están jugando They are playing	<u>Pienso que</u> I thinkthat	A la derecha hay On the right there is/are
<u>Veo</u> I see	Unos edificios Some buildings	Está hablando He/she is talking	Hace sol It is sunny	En mi opinión In my opinion	Cerca de Close to
<u>Un hombre</u> A man	Parece(n) He/she/they seem	Está sonriendo He/she is smiling	Hace buen tiempo The weather is nice	<u>Diría que</u> I would say that	Me gusta la foto porque es I like the photo because it is
<u>Una mujer</u> A woman	Contento/a (s) happy	Está discutiendo He/she is arguing	Hace mal tiempo The weatheris bad	En primer plano hay In the foreground there is/are	No me gusta la foto porque es I don't like the photo because it is
Mucha gente Lots of people	Triste(s) sad	Están riendo They are laughing	Está lloviendo It is raining	Al fondo hay In the background there is/are	Me parece que It seems to me that